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HEALTH
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POULTON-LE-FYLDE
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

THE
ANNUAL REPORT
of the
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH
and the
PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR
for
1959



C. ROBERTSON WILSON, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. (Edin.)
Medical Officer of Health

MEMBERS AND OFFICERS OF THE
POULTON-LE-FYLDE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

1959

Chairman of the Health
Committee

Councillor J.L.Kidd Whitaker

Vice Chairman of the
Health Committee

Councillor Mrs.G.M.A.Abbott

Councillor J.Carrabine J.P. Chairman of the Council

Councillor W.Gibson Vice Chairman of the Council

Councillor A.Bennett

Councillor G.Bentley

Councillor G.C.Bishop

Councillor J.K.Bunn

Died May 1959

Councillor R.Eastham

From May 1959

Councillor G.Hadman

Councillor S.Hanham

Councillor W.Haythornthwaite

Councillor R.J.Hull

Died July 1959

Councillor F.Lofthouse

From June 1959

Councillor E.Mellalieu

Councillor T.Parkinson

To May 1959

Councillor J.Ratcliffe

Councillor A.J.Wylde

From September 1959

Health Department Staff

Medical Officer of Health

C. Robertson Wilson, M.B.,
Ch.B., D.P.H. (Edin).
Divisional Medical Officer,
29 Station Road,
Kirkham.

Tel: No. Kirkham 2138/9

Public Health Inspector

J. A. Lofthouse, M.R.S.H.
M.A.P.H.I.

Part Time Clerk Typist

Miss J. Seggato to Aug. 1959
Miss H. Eastwood from Aug. 1959

Council Officers

Clerk of the Council

A. Senior, F.C.C.S.,
A.A.C.C.I.

Engineer and Surveyor

T. D. Manning, M.I.Mun.E.,
M.R.S.H.

Mr. Chairman, Lady & Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you the report of the Medical Officer of Health for the year 1959.

There was no undue incidence of illness in the Urban District during the year. Measles was the only notifiable disease of which any appreciable number of cases occurred (155) and these reflected a general outbreak in the Fylde Division as a whole. The only other notifiable infections were Whooping Cough (12) and Scarlet Fever (11). With the Whooping Cough prophylactic now being given in combination with that for Diphtheria to a good proportion of babies, there are in these days not only fewer cases, but where these occur in those who have had the injection, they are of a mild nature. Scarlet Fever also is not the disease it was in the early part of the century and it is now but rarely hospitalised.

The Death Rate in the district was 14.5 per thousand population, the highest for several years and the actual deaths were 145 and of these 121 were over 55 years old; 86 over 65 years old. This does not to me signify any failure in the state of the public health but that rather more than average of our older age group died during the year.

The Infantile Mortality Rate dropped in 1959 from 34.7 per thousand live births to 28.6. This is the best for the past three years but remains higher than 22 which is the average for England and Wales. The actual number of deaths under one year was five - in fact all these occurred under six weeks old and four of the five under one week old.

The causes were:-

Asphyxia due to inhalation of vomit - 1 case at 40 days.

Atelectasis (failure of the lungs to expand properly) - 2 cases at 2 and 5 days.

Heart Failure - 1 case at 2 days.

Asphyxia - 1 case at 45 minutes (The cause of asphyxia in this case is not stated, it may have been another instance of atelectasis.

In the last four cases the spark of life can only have been feeble from the beginning.

No deaths of mothers in childbirth are recorded.

No new cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis were notified during the year although one death took place from that disease.

Notable events of 1959 were the opening of the long awaited School and Child Welfare Clinic which has given better accommodation for existing Services and allowed of dental and ante-natal sessions being conducted within the Poulton area ; and secondly the opening of the new pumping station at Skippool which should go a long way to giving relief to the surcharging of the sewer. Laying of further new sewers which are envisaged should finalise this.

In conclusion I would again record my indebtedness to Mr. Lofthouse for his hard and faithful work for the Health Department, and also extend my thanks to you Mr. Chairman, the members of the Health Committee, and Mr. Senior for his interest and support.

Yours faithfully,

C.ROBERTSON WILSON,

Medical Officer of Health.

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Poulton-le-Fylde is bounded on the North by Thornton Cleveleys Urban District, to the East and South by the Parishes of Singleton and Hardhorn-with-Newton and on the West by Blackpool County Borough.

The Council of the District is formed by three representatives from each of the following five wards:-

Poulton North	Hardhorn
Poulton East	Carleton
Poulton West	

The District is mainly residential, and most of the industrial population is employed by the Imperial Chemical Industries, the Building Trades, British Railways and in agriculture.

Estimated Population for Mid 1959	11,760
Population (1951 census)	7,508
Number of inhabited houses according to the rate book at the end of 1959.	4,260
Area of District in acres	2,272
Rateable value	£148,060
Sum represented by a penny rate	£565

BIRTHS

175 births were registered during the year. 91 males and 84 females. The birth rate was 14.1 per 1,000 population. There were 4 illegitimate births and 6 stillbirths.

Corrected Birth Rates of recent years were:-

1956	14.5
1957	16.2
1958	15.3
1959	14.1

Infantile Mortality Rate

	<u>Poulton-le- Fylde.</u>	<u>England & Wales</u>
Infant mortality rate	28.6	22.0
Neo-natal mortality rate	22.9	15.8
Stillbirth rate	33.1	20.7
The Maternal mortality rate	NIL	0.38

DEATHS

Total 145 Males 84 Females 61

The crude death rate was 12.3 per 1,000 population.

The adjusted death rate was 14.5 per 1,000 population
(Comparability Factor 1.18)

Deaths and Death Rates of Recent Years

	<u>Deaths</u>	<u>Rate</u>
1956	113	12.4
1957	119	12.8
1958	118	12.1
1959	145	14.5

Age Groups

The table shows the arrangement of deaths in the age groups.

<u>Age Groups</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>Females</u>	<u>Total</u>
Under 1 year	4	1	5
6 - 15	1	2	3
26 - 35	-	2	2
36 - 45	1	-	1
46 - 55	11	2	13
56 - 65	28	7	35
66 - 75	24	19	43
76 - 85	14	19	33
86 - 95	1	8	9
96 - 100	-	1	1
Totals	84	61	145

CAUSES OF DEATH

	Males	Females	Total	Total % of Deaths
Tuberculosis, respiratory	1	-	1	0.69
Tuberculosis, other forms	1	-	1	0.69
Malignant neoplasm, stomach	5	1	6	4.14
Malignant neoplasm, lung bronchus	4	1	5	3.44
Malignant neoplasm, breast	-	1	1	0.69
Malignant neoplasm, uterus	-	1	1	0.69
Other Malignant & lymphatic neoplasms	6	2	8	5.52
Leukaemia, aleukaemia	-	-	-	-
Diabetes	1	1	2	1.38
Vascular lesions of nervous system	19	17	36	24.84
Coronary disease, angina	22	9	31	21.38
Hypertension with heart disease	-	2	2	1.38
Other heart diseases	4	6	10	6.88
Other circulatory diseases	3	6	9	6.21
Influenza	2	3	5	3.44
Pneumonia	1	-	1	0.69
Bronchitis	3	1	4	2.76
Other diseases of respiratory system	-	-	-	-
Nephritis & Nephrosis	-	-	-	-
Hyperplasia of prostate	2	-	2	1.38
Congenital Malformations	1	-	1	0.69
Gastritis, enteritis, diarrhoea	1	-	1	0.69
Other defined & ill-defined diseases	6	6	12	8.28
Suicide	2	2	4	2.76
Motor Vehicle accident	-	2	2	1.38
Total:	84	61	145	100.00

Infectious Diseases

178 cases of infectious disease were notified during the year, as follows:-

Scarlet Fever

11 cases were notified. There were 6 cases in 1958.

Whooping Cough

12 cases occurred during the year. 1 case was notified in 1958.

Acute Poliomyelitis

N O N E

Measles

There were 155 cases during 1959. None the previous year.

A comparison of the following figures will show the incidence of the disease in the foregoing ten years:-

1949	114 cases	1954	104 cases
1950	9 cases	1955	48 cases
1951	146 cases	1956	9 cases
1952	47 cases	1957	240 cases
1953	23 cases	1958	N O N E

1959 155 cases

Diphthoria

Dysentery

Acute Pneumonia

Erysipelas

No cases were notified.

Tuberculosis

At the close of 1959 there were 45 cases of pulmonary tuberculosis, 5 cases of non-pulmonary, and 2 cases of pulmonary and non-pulmonary tuberculosis on the Register.

There were no new cases of tuberculosis notified during the year.

The Regional Hospital Board is responsible mainly for the diagnosis and treatment of tuberculosis and the County Council for the prevention and control of the disease.

A Tuberculosis Health Visitor is employed by the County Council, and Hospital and Chest Clinic facilities are provided by the Blackpool and Fylde Hospital Management Committee.

CONTROL OF NOTIFIABLE INFECTIOUS DISEASES

A thorough investigation is made on the occurrence of a case of Notifiable Disease, and where necessary specimens of vomit and faeces are collected and forwarded to the laboratory for analysis.

Disinfectant fluid is issued to all cases of infectious disease; and terminal disinfection, by fumigation, is carried out when necessary and on request.

Infectious Disease Visits	15
Disinfections carried out	9
Visits to suspected smallpox contacts .	6

TABLE OF CASES OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES 1959

Notifiable Disease	Total Cases at all Ages	Age Periods - Years							
		0-	1-	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-	15-25
Scarlet Fever	11	-	-	-	-	1	6	4	-
Whooping Cough	12	-	1	-	2	1	7	1	-
Measles	155	4	8	16	23	13	86	5	-

VITAL STATISTICS

LIVE BIRTHS

Number	175
Rate per 1,000 population	14.1
Illegitimate live births percent of total live births	2.3

STILLBIRTHS

Number	6
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births	33.1
Total live and still births	181

INFANT DEATHS (Deaths under 1 year)

Infant Mortality Rates

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	28.6
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	29.2
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	Nil
Neo-natal Mortality rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births)	22.9
Early neo-natal mortality rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)	22.9
Perinatal mortality rate (stillbirths and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and stillbirths)	55.2

MATERNAL MORTALITY (including abortion)

Number of deaths	Nil.
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births	Nil.

BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS

Facilities for the examination of material in suspected cases of Diphtheria, Dysentery, Typhoid Fever, Tuberculosis, Food Poisoning etc., are available to all medical practitioners at Blackpool Victoria Hospital, Elswick Sanatorium, and the Public Health Laboratory Preston.

THE MORTUARY

The mortuary premises are situated in the yard at the rear of the Town Hall.

During the year the Health Committee introduced a scale of charges for the use of this building; part of which is passed on for the cleansing of premises and bodies.

The number of times the premises were in use is as follows:-

Cases Admitted From.	J a n.	F e b.	M a r.	A p r.	M a y.	J u n.	J u l.	A u g.	S e p.	O c t.	N o v.	D e c.	t o t.
Poulton-le-Fylde	1	-	2	-	-	-	2	3	-	-	2	2	12)
Other Districts	1	1	2	-	2	-	1	5	1	1	-	1	15)
													27 Total.

Clinic and Treatment Centres

There are no clinic or treatment centres directly under the control of the Local Authority.

The new clinic in Princess Avenue, Poulton-le-Fylde was opened and in use during 1959. School clinic sessions were held twice weekly, on Tuesday and Friday mornings and a Child Welfare Session every Tuesday afternoon by the School and Child Welfare Department of the Lancashire County Council.

HOSPITALS

There is no hospital situated in the district.

General cases are admitted to Blackpool Victoria and Wesham Park Hospitals, of the Blackpool and Fylde Hospital Management Committee; and the Preston Royal Infirmary of the Preston and Chorley Hospital Management Committee.

The Devonshire Road Hospital Blackpool, is used for infectious disease cases; tuberculosis cases use the Elswick Sanatorium, and smallpox cases go to the Ainsworth Smallpox Hospital near Bury, which is under the management of the Manchester Regional Hospital Board.

Ambulance Facilities

The Lancashire County Council administers the Ambulance Service.

The nearest ambulance station is at Thornton and ambulances for Poulton-le-Fylde are obtained either from this station or from Fleetwood.

At Thornton an ambulance dual purpose vehicle and car are on call; and an ambulance and car are available at Fleetwood.

The service is maintained on a 24 hour basis throughout the year.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT 1948 -- SECTION 47

There were no applications made for removal during 1959

MEDICAL STAFF OF CLINIC

Dr. H. Kempsey	Assistant Divisional Medical Officer, Lancs. County Council.
Miss L. Gilbert	Health Visitor and School Nurse.
Miss R. Shaw	Health Visitor and School Nurse.
Mrs. J. H. Mallandaine, 30 Moorway, Poulton-le-Fylde. Tel: 3528	Midwife.
Mrs. R. A. Ronson, 18 Fylde Road, Poulton-le-Fylde Tel: 2529	District Nurse.
Miss M. Beswick, 27 Wembley Avenue, Poulton-le-Fylde. Tel: 2986	District Nurse.

WATER SUPPLY

The Fylde Water Board, of which Poulton-le-Fylde is a constituent authority, provides a plentiful and excellent supply of water from their gathering grounds at Grisedale and Stocks.

During 1959, new connections were made to 348 new houses, from public mains supply.

A total of 4255 houses was supplied from public mains at the end of the year.

Only one house in the town obtains water from a private supply.

HOUSING CONDITIONS

The standard of housing in the town is good, the district having a high proportion of new properties. A number of the older houses are unfit and will require attention under the Housing Acts.

The majority of minor housing defects discovered were remedied by informal action.

Overcrowding

Some overcrowding of dwellings occurred in the district and the Council relieved 1 case during 1959.

The principal cause appeared to be young married families living with their parents.

Approximately 100 applicants were on the waiting list for Council Houses; two thirds of these were for 2 or 3 bedroom houses; and one third for bungalows.

Private Building

During the year, 344 houses and 4 flats were erected, and more families from outside areas became resident in Poulton-le-Fylde.

Dwellings Erected During 1959

WARDS															
NORTH			EAST			WEST			CARLETON			HARDHORN			TOT.
H.	F.	B.	H.	F.	B.	H.	F.	B.	H.	F.	B.	H.	F.	B.	
-	4	20	6	-	12	43	-	54	12	-	40	33	-	124	348

H : houses

F : flats

B : bungalows

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

The sewage disposal works at Skippool Marsh, with the screening plant and tidal storage tanks, continued to operate throughout the year.

During 1959 the new pumping station was completed and brought into use, and the storm water overflows from the pumping station were laid.

In the Hardhorn District a new relief sewer and storm water overflows were completed.

Construction commenced on the new Horsebridge Valley relief sewer.

Two houses and two farm premises were connected to the public sewer during the year, these formerly drained to septic tanks.

SUMMARY OF REPORT

<u>Population</u>	..	..	..	11,760 an increase of 790 on the population for 1958.
<u>Births</u>	..	..	..	175 births registered
Birth Rate	..	..	..	14.1 per 1,000 pop.
Average rate England & Wales	..	..	..	16.5 per 1,000 pop.
<u>Deaths</u>	..	..	..	145 deaths registered
Death Rate	..	..	..	14.5 per 1,000 pop.
Average Rate England & Wales	..	..	..	11.6 per 1,000 pop.
<u>Infectious Diseases</u>	..	..	..	173 cases of infectious diseases were notified.
<u>Housing</u>	..	..	..	348 new houses erected.
<u>Sewerage</u>	..	..	..	The new pumping station and storm overflows, were in use during the year. A new relief sewer was completed in Hardhorn.

Public Health Department,
Poulton-le-Fylde.

Mr. Chairman, Lady & Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting the report of the Public Health Inspector for the year 1959.

The year proved to be an exceptionally busy period and many tasks of importance and interest were carried out. The inspection of meat at the two private slaughterhouses once again occupied much time and in order to ensure that every animal passing through the slaughterhouses was inspected it was necessary to be in attendance every Saturday and Sunday.

The shack settlement in the Normoss area came under review, and a number of these sub - standard dwellings were represented as unfit, the Council made Demolition Orders and during the year six shacks were demolished, this work is continuing.

During the earlier part of 1959 reports were received from the Public Health Laboratory Service that milk herds at two of our farms were infected with the Brucella Abortus organism. Immediate and repetitive sampling of milk from individual cows was undertaken, resulting in milk from the infected cows being withdrawn from the retail trade.

In June functions under the Diseases of Animals (Waste Food) Order 1957 were delegated to the Council by the Lancashire County Council.

My thanks are tendered to the Chairman of the Health Committee for his interest and assistance in all Public Health matters, to members of the Committee for support throughout the year, and to Dr. C. Robertson Wilson for unfailing encouragement.

Yours faithfully,

J. A. LOFTHOUSE,

Public Health Inspector.

I N S P E C T I O N O F T H E D I S T R I C T

Sanitary Inspections

2012 visits were made to 541 premises during 1959.

39 defects or nuisances were discovered and 54 abated; and it was necessary to serve 21 informal notices.

WORK CARRIED OUT AS A RESULT OF FORMAL

OR INFORMAL ACTION

Dampness of walls remedied	6
Piggery drains renewed	1
Accumulations removed	1
Roofs repaired	4
Eaves gutters renewed or repaired	4
Yards repaved	6
Plasterwork renewed	6
Floors relaid	3
Skirting boarding repaired	1
Windows repaired	3
Choked drains cleared	1
Dustbins renewed	3
Brickwork repaired	2
Drains laid	1
Sink waste pipe repaired	2
Footpaths repaved	7
Rainwater pipe renewed	1
W.C. repaired	2

Sanitary Accommodation

The following list shows the numbers and types of the various sanitary arrangements in the district at the 31st December 1959 and those for the previous year.

				<u>1959</u>	<u>1958</u>
Water Closets	..	..	..	4623	4275
Pail Closets	..	..	..	15	19
Privies	..	..	..	4	4
Movable Dustbins	..	..	..	4522	4174
Waste Water Closets	..	..	..	N I L	N I L

Refuse Collection and Disposal

The Cleansing Service is under the control of the Engineer and Surveyor who has kindly supplied the following information.

A weekly refuse collection service was in operation, refuse being collected by one vehicle working full time, and by a second vehicle working 2 days per week. The refuse was disposed of by controlled tipping at Skippool Marsh.

Salvage in the form of waste paper, cardboard, metals and rags was also collected and sold.

During 1959 an average of 4454 dustbins were emptied every week, the total weight of refuse collected being approximately 4900 tons for the year.

The cost of the service is shown in the following statement:

Number of dustbins emptied	231,603
Cost for collection and Disposal	£ 6609 : 9 : 4d
Cost for collection and Disposal per bin	6.85d
Weight of salvage sold	85 tons 5 cwt
Value	£ 540 : 15 : 8d

Road Sweeping

The Council's workmen swept approximately 636 miles of highway during the year.

R O D E N T A N D I N S E C T P E S T S

One trained operative is employed, part-time, on the eradication of rats and mice; various methods are used and such poisons as zinc phosphide, arsenic and warfarin are laid as baits.

The Councils sewers received the annual test baiting treatment and were proved to be free from infestation.

INSPECTIONS AND TREATMENTS UNDERTAKEN

Type of Premises	Number of Inspections	Number of Treatment Visits
Dwelling Houses	63	182
Business Premises	7	46
Local Authority Property	4	6
Agricultural Property	21	40

DISINFESTATION

The infestations dealt with during the year were for cockroaches, flies, ants and fleas.

D.D.T. in liquid, powder and smoke form were all used with good results and follow up treatments were not found to be necessary.

DISINFESTATION VISITS (INSECT PESTS)	
Number of houses found to be infested	35
Number of houses disinfested	29

H O U S I N G

Number of new houses erected by private contractors			
during the year ..	..		340
Number of new houses erected by Local Authority	..		8

1. Inspection of Dwelling Houses

(a)	Total number of dwelling houses inspected	55
(b)	Number of inspections made	106
(c)	Dwelling houses unfit for habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit.	
	Number found during year	42
	Number existing at end of year	34
(d)	Dwelling houses not in all respects reasonably fit for habitation but capable of being made fit. .. .	25

2. Houses Demolished or Closed

	Houses Demolished	Displaced During Year	
		Persons	Families
<u>In Clearance Areas</u>			
(a) Houses unfit for habitation	-	6	2
(b) Houses included for bad arrangement	-	-	-
<u>Not in Clearance Areas</u>			
(c) As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17 Housing Act 1957	6	2	1
	Houses Closed		
Houses closed under Housing Act, Section 16(4) 17(1) and 35(1)	2	10	2

3. Unfit Houses Made Fit and Houses In Which Defects Were Remedied

(a)	After informal action by local authority	20
(b)	After formal notice under Public Health Acts	3

4. Purchase of Houses by Agreement

	No. of Houses	No. of Occupants in houses
Houses in Clearance areas	7	8

5. Improvement Grants

Action during year	No. of Schemes	No. of Houses Affected
(a) Submitted by private individuals to local authority	-	-
(b) Approved by local authority	-	-
(c) Submitted by local authority to Ministry	-	-
(d) Finally approved by Ministry	-	-
(e) Work completed	3	3

6. Standard Grants

Action during year	No. of Schemes	No. of Dwellings
(a) Submitted to local authority	4	4
(b) Approved by local authority	4	4
(c) Work completed	1	1

7 Certificates of Disrepair.

Number of applications made	2
Number of Certificates issued	2
Applications made for the Cancellation of Certificates	2

Housing Inspections

Certificates of Disrepair	..	..	..	..	..	14
Improvement Grants	..	..	..	..	..	31
Demolition Order	..	..	..	..	..	43
Housing Visits	..	..	..	..	..	13
Temporary Dwellings	..	..	..	..	..	5
Council House Visits	..	..	..	..	..	54

CAMPING SITES

10 sites were used for camping purposes, housing an estimated maximum number of 1,200 persons, in 500 caravans and tents.

The two sites licenced by the Council were run in accordance with the licencing conditions.

Inspections of Caravan sites	61
Temporary Dwellings Visited	5

FOOD INSPECTION

Food Inspection

The following foodstuffs found to be unfit, were surrendered for disposal:-

	<u>lbs</u>	<u>ozs</u>
1 tin of corned beef	6	-
4 tins of ox tongue	24	-
3 tins of pork luncheon meat	12	-
2 tins of ham	23	8
7 tins of steak fillets	3	8
5 tins of sliced peaches	10	10
1 tin of pork loin	6	-
	<hr/> 85	<hr/> 10

Meat Inspection

Since the easing of control over the slaughter of animals for food, in 1954, the number of animals passing through the two licenced slaughterhouses has increased each year. It was necessary during 1959 to carry out meat inspection duties in the evenings, on Saturdays, and on Sundays.

The number of animals inspected from the date of decontrol is shown:-

<u>Year</u>	<u>Number of Animals Killed and Inspected</u>
1954	1693
1955	3154
1956	6482
1957	6857
1958	7039
1959	7462

During the year the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food, invited claims from Local Authorities for the grant of monetary awards, where the number of animals inspected exceeded the quantity required for consumption in the authorities own district.

An application was made on behalf of the Council and a sum of £ 22 : 9 : 5 was due for 1959.

Slaughterhouse visits (meat inspection duties	831
Number of animals slaughtered and inspected	7462
Weight of meat rejected as unfit	9004 lbs

Slaughtering Licences

At the 31st December 1959, 10 licences had been issued by the Council, enabling their holders to slaughter animals.

Milk Supply

There were 26 distributors of milk registered by the Council, at the end of 1959; and they operated from the following premises:-

Dairies in the district	5
Shops in the district	11
Premises outside the district	10

The number of licences issued to these distributors were:-

14 in respect of Tuberculin Tested Milk
27 in respect of Pastourised Milk
15 in repect of Sterilised Milk

FOOD PREMISES

Sampling

The Food & Drugs Authority for the Poulton-le-Fylde area is the Lancashire County Council, and the following information has been kindly supplied by Dr. S.C.Gawne, County Medical Officer of Health.

A total of 52 samples was obtained, consisting of 29 milk samples (one of which was Channel Islands milk) and 23 others comprising:

1 Butter	1 Ice-cream
1 Honey	1 Fruit Canned
1 Cream of Tartar	1 Chicken Canned
1 Shredded Suet	1 Haemorrhoid Tablets
2 Jam	1 Olive Oil
1 Vinegar	1 Boracic Powder
1 Syrup	1 Fruit Salad (Canned)
1 Salad Dressing	4 Whisky
1 Steaklets Frozen	1 Gin
1 Rum	

Details of samples upon which the County Analyst gave adverse reports are as follows:-

<u>Type of Sample</u>	<u>Result of Analysis</u>	<u>Action Taken</u>
1 Formal Milk	Fat content 2.95% Deficient 1.6% fat slightly low in solids not fat	Vendor Notified
1 Informal Milk	Fat content 2.90% Deficient 3.3% fat Slightly low in solids not fat,	Vendor Notified
1 Steaklets Frozen	Contained only 29.5% meat	No action
1 Fruit salad (canned)	Ingredients not listed in order of quantity in tin.	No action

Food Premises Visited

Bakehouses	..	..	..	2
Food Factories	..	..	..	13
Grocers' Shops	..	..	..	21
Ice-cream Manufacturers		..		5
Fried Fish Shops		..	..	3
Public Houses	..	..	..	1
Food Vehicles	..	..	..	1
Butchers Shops	..	..	..	2

Registrations

One food business was registered during the year, for the sale and manufacture of ice-cream.

The total number of registered premises was:-

4 Fried Fish Shops
7 Preserved Food Businesses
2 Ice-cream Manufacturers
28 Ice-cream Retailers

S H O P I N S P E C T I O N S

36 inspections were made under the Shops Act; informal action only was necessary to remedy contraventions.

F A C T O R I E S

Inspections

Premises	No. on Register.	No. of		Occup. Prosec.
		Inspections	Written Notices	
Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities.	2	831	1	-
Factories not included in the above in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority.	32	20	3	-
Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding outworkers premises)	7	-	-	-
Total	41	851	4	-

Cases In Which Defects were Found

Particulars.	Found	Remedied	Referred		No. of Prosec.
			To H.M. Inspec.	By H.M. Inspec.	
Want of Cleanliness	2	2	-	2	-
Overcrowding	-	-	-	-	-
Unreasonable Temperature	-	-	-	-	-
Inadequate Ventilation	-	-	-	-	-
Ineffective Drainage of Floors	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Sanitary Conveniences</u>					
(a) Insufficient	2	-	-	2	-
(b) Unsuitable or defective	3	3	-	3	-
(c) Not separate for sexes	-	-	-	-	-
Other Offences	-	-	-	-	-
Total:	7	5	-	7	-

SUMMARY OF INSPECTIONS 1959

Visits made in respect of complaints	156
Revisits to properties previously inspected	67
Drainage visits	14
Colour tests applied to drains	13
Disinfestation visits (insect pests)	35
Inspections of caravan sites	61
Watercourse inspections	18
Smoke observations	3
Visits re-milk licences	4
Infectious disease visits	15
Disinfections	9
Tip visits	5
Interviews	81
Visits re-Clean Air Act	1
Visits re-samples of water taken from watercourses	5
Laundry visits	1
Visits re-public conveniences	1
Fried fish shops	3
Bakehouse inspections	2
Food factories	13
Factories	18
Grocers' shops	21
Ice-cream manufacturers	5
Farm visits re-brucella abortus	6
Milk samples taken	59
Visits in connection therewith	14
Poultry farm inspections	5
Visits to suspected smallpox contacts	6
Piggeries	16
Public houses	1
Butchers' shops	2
Slaughterhouse meat inspection	831
Visits to food poisoning contacts	1
Food inspections	11
Food vehicle inspections	1
Pet shops	2
Miscellaneous visits	38
<u>Housing Inspections</u>	
Housing visits	13
Certificates of Disrepair	14
Improvement Grants	31
Demolition Order	43
Temporary Dwellings	5
Applicants for Council Houses	39
Council House visits	13
Interviews with Council House Tenants	2

